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FORM PTO-1390 (REV 5-93)		U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 108064-00049
TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371			DATE: October 30, 2001
			U.S. APPLN. NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 C.F.R. 1.45) NEW 09/926424
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/US00/08217	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE April 28, 2000	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED April 30, 1999	
TITLE OF INVENTION: COMPOSITIONS OF BOSWELLIC ACIDS DERIVED FROM BOSWELLIA SERRATA GUM RESIN, FOR TREATING LYMPHOPROLIFERATIVE AND AUTOIMMUNE CONDITIONS			
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US: Muhammed MAJEED and Vladimir BADMAEV			
<p>1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. (THE BASIC FILING FEE IS ATTACHED)</p> <p>2. <input type="checkbox"/> This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.</p> <p>3. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This express request to begin national examination procedures [35 U.S.C. 371(f)] at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).</p> <p>4. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A proper demand for International Preliminary Amendment was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.</p> <p>5. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Application as filed [35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)]</p> <p>a. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).</p> <p>b. <input type="checkbox"/> has been transmitted by the International Bureau.</p> <p>c. <input type="checkbox"/> is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).</p> <p>6. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the International Application into English [35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)].</p> <p>7. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 [35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)]</p> <p>a. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).</p> <p>b. <input type="checkbox"/> have been transmitted by the International Bureau.</p> <p>c. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.</p> <p>d. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made and will not be made.</p> <p>8. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 [35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)].</p> <p>9. <input type="checkbox"/> An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) [35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)].</p> <p>10. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 [35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)].</p> <p>Items 11 - 16 below concern other document(s) or information included:</p> <p>11. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 C.F.R. 1.97 and 1.98.</p> <p>12. <input type="checkbox"/> An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 C.F.R. 3.28 and 3.31 is included.</p> <p>13. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A FIRST preliminary amendment.</p> <p>14. <input type="checkbox"/> A substitute specification.</p> <p>15. <input type="checkbox"/> A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.</p> <p>16. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other items or information: Article 34 Amendment; PCT/IPEA/408; PCT/IPEA/401; PCT/IPEA/416; PCT/IB/308; PCT/ISA/210 and PCT Request Drawings (7 sheets figs. 1-8)</p>			

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PATENT APPLICATION

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re the Application of:

Muhammed MAJEED et al.

New U.S. National Stage of PCT/US00/08217

Filed: October 30, 2001

Attorney Dkt. No.: 108064-00049

For: COMPOSITIONS OF BOSWELIC ACIDS DERIVED FROM BOSWELLIA SERRATA GUM RESIN, FOR TREATING LYMPHOPROLIFERATIVE AND AUTOIMMUNE CONDITIONS

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

October 30, 2001

Sir:

Prior to initial examination of the application, please amend the above-identified application as follows:

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel claims 1-85 without prejudice or disclaimer.

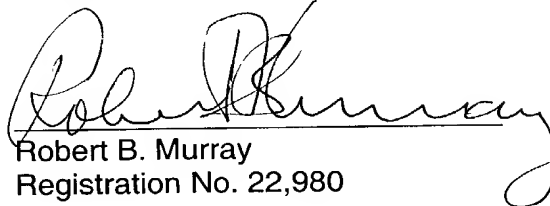
Please add claims 86-176 as laid out in the attached Article 19 and Article 34 Amendments.

REMARKS

Claims 86-176 are pending in this application. By this Amendment, claims 1-85 have been cancelled. No new matter is contained in the amendments.

Please charge any fee deficiency or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 01-2300.

Respectfully submitted,


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86. A composition consisting essentially of, based on the total weight of the composition, β -boswellic acid of at least 12% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

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87. The composition of claim 86 consisting essentially of, based on the total weight of the composition, β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 55% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

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88. The composition of claim 86 consisting essentially of, based on the total weight of the composition, β -boswellic acid of 12 to 35% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 35% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

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89. The composition of claim 88 consisting essentially of, based on the total weight of the composition, β -boswellic acid of 12 to 30% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 10 to 25% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

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90. The composition of claim 89 consisting essentially of, based on the total weight of the composition, β -boswellic acid of 14 to 30% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 10 to 20% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

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91. The composition of claim 88 consisting essentially of, based on the total weight of the composition, β -boswellic acid of 14 to 35% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 10 to 20%

by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

92. The composition of claim 88 consisting essentially of, based on the total weight of the composition, β -boswellic acid of 14 to 35% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 10 to 20% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

93. The composition of claim 86, wherein the β -boswellic acid, acetyl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid are derived from any natural source.

94. A composition comprising three boswellic acids selected from the group consisting of β -boswellic acid, acetyl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid, wherein, based on the total weight of the composition, the amount of β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is at least 15% by weight, and the amount of acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is at least 14% by weight.

95. The composition of claim 94, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 14 to 65% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 65% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 15 to 60% by weight, and the amount of acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 14 to 60% by weight.

96. The composition of claim 95, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 14 to 55% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is 10 to 55% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 15 to 50% by weight, and the amount of acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 14 to 50% by weight.

97. The composition of claim 96, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 14 to 35% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is 10 to 35% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 15 to 40% by weight, and the amount of acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 14 to 40% by weight.

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98. The composition of claim 94, wherein the β -boswellic acid, acetyl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid are derived from any natural source.

10 99. A composition comprising two boswellic acids selected from the group consisting of β -boswellic acid, acetyl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid, wherein, based on the total weight of the composition, the amount of β -boswellic acid is 1 to 34% or at least 56% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is 1 to 24% or at least 46% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is at least 15%
15 by weight, and the amount of acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is at least 14% by weight.

100. The composition of claim 99, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 1 to 34% or 56 to 95% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is 1 to 24% or 46 to 95% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 15 to 95% by weight, and the amount of
20 acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 14 to 95% by weight.

101. The composition of claim 100, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 1 to 34% or 56 to 70% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is 1 to 24% or 46 to 70% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 30 to 70% by weight, and the amount of
25 acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 30 to 70% by weight.

102. The composition of claim 101, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 1 to 34% or 40 to 60% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is 1 to 24% or 40 to 60% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 40 to 60% by weight, and the amount of
30 acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 40 to 60% by weight.

103. The composition of claim 99, wherein the β -boswellic acid, acetyl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid are derived from any natural source.

5 104. A composition comprising boswellic acids, wherein the boswellic acids consist of three substances selected from the group consisting of β -boswellic acid, acetyl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid, wherein, based on the total weight of the composition, the amount of β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -
10 boswellic acid is at least 15% by weight, and the amount of acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is at least 14% by weight.

105. The composition of claim 104, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 5 to 65% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 65% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 15 to 65% by weight, and the amount of acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 14 to 65% by weight.
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106. The composition of claim 105, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 15 to 55% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is 15 to 55% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 15 to 55% by weight, and the amount of acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 15 to 55% by weight.
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107. The composition of claim 106, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 20 to 40% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is 20 to 40% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 20 to 40% by weight, and the amount of acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 20 to 40% by weight.
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108. The composition of claim 104, wherein the β -boswellic acid, acetyl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid are derived from any natural source.
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109. A composition comprising boswellic acids, wherein the boswellic acids consist of two substances selected from the group consisting of β -boswellic acid, acetyl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid, wherein, based on the total weight of the boswellic acids, the amount of β -boswellic acid is 1 to 34% or at least 56% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid of is 1 to 24% or at least 46% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is at least 15% by weight, and the amount of acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is at least 14% by weight.

110. The composition of claim 109, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 1 to 34% or 56 to 90% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is 1 to 24% or 46 to 90% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 15 to 90% by weight, and the amount of acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 14 to 90% by weight.

111. The composition of claim 110, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 1 to 34% or 56 to 80% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is 1 to 24% or 46 to 80% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 20 to 80% by weight, and the amount of acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 20 to 80% by weight.

112. The composition of claim 111, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 1 to 34% or 56 to 70% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is 1 to 24% or 46 to 70% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 30 to 70% by weight, and the amount of acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 30 to 70% by weight.

113. The composition of claim 112, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 1 to 34% or 56 to 60% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is 1 to 24% or 46 to 60% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 40 to 60% by weight, and the amount of acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 40 to 60% by weight.

125. The composition of claim 107, wherein two of the three substances are 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

127. The composition of claim 110, wherein the two substances are 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

128. The composition of claim 111, wherein the two substances are 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

129. The composition of claim 112, wherein the two substances are 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

130. A method for inhibition of DNA, RNA and/or protein synthesis in a human or animal in need of the inhibition, comprising a step of administering a DNA, RNA and/or protein synthesis inhibition effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

131. The method of claim 130, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 12% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

132. The method of claim 131, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of 12 to 35% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 35% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 15 to 45% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 14 to 45% by weight.

133. A method for irreversible inhibition of DNA synthesis in a human or animal in need of the inhibition, comprising a step of administering a DNA inhibition effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

134. The method of claim 133, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 12% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

135. The method of claim 134, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of 12 to 35% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 35% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 15 to 45% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 14 to 45% by weight.

136. A method for the prevention of a lymphoproliferative disease in a human or animal in need of the prevention, comprising a step of administering a lymphoproliferative disease prevention effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

137. The method of claim 136, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 12% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

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weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

145. The method of claim 144, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 12% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

146. The method of claim 145, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of 12 to 35% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 35% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 15 to 45% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 14 to 45% by weight.

147. The method of claim 144, wherein the autoimmune disease is psoriasis, sarcoidosis, systemic lupus erythematosus, Grave's disease, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, silent thyroiditis, Crohn's disease, Goodpasture syndrome, insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus, insulin-resistant diabetes mellitus, myasthenia gravis, Addison's disease, idiopathic hypoparathyroidism, idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, autoimmune hemolytic anemia, rheumatoid arthritis or scleroderma.

148. A method for the treatment of an autoimmune disease in a human or animal in need of the treatment, comprising a step of administering an autoimmune disease treatment effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

149. The method of claim 148, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 12% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

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150. The method of claim 149, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of 12 to 35% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 35% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 15 to 45% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 14 to 45% by weight.

151. The method of claim 148, wherein the autoimmune disease is psoriasis, sarcoidosis, systemic lupus erythematosus, Grave's disease, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, silent thyroiditis, Crohn's disease, Goodpasture syndrome, insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus, insulin-resistant diabetes mellitus, myasthenia gravis, Addison's disease, idiopathic hypoparathyroidism, idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, autoimmune hemolytic anemia, rheumatoid arthritis or scleroderma.

152. A process of obtaining boswellic acids comprising the following steps:

- (a) providing a *Boswellia serrata* component;
- (b) extracting said *Boswellia serrata* component with carbon dioxide to obtain a fluid extract; and
- (c) removing carbon dioxide from the fluid extract to obtain the boswellic acids.

153. The process of claim 152, wherein the *Boswellia serrata* component is a gum from *Boswellia serrata*.

154. The process of claim 152, wherein the extracting in step (b) is performed with subcritical extraction.

155. The process of claim 152, wherein the extracting in step (b) is performed with supercritical extraction.

156. A method for the treatment of a tumor in a human or animal in need of the treatment by administering a tumor treating effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, acetyl- β -

boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

157. The method of claim 156, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 12% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

158. The method of claim 157, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of 12 to 35% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 35% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 15 to 45% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 14 to 45% by weight.

159. A method of inhibiting the synthesis of DNA, RNA and/or protein in a human or animal in need of the inhibition, comprising administering a DNA, RNA and/or protein synthesis inhibition effective amount of β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight or acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

160. A method for irreversibly inhibiting the synthesis of DNA in a human or animal in need of the inhibition, comprising administering a DNA synthesis inhibition effective amount of β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight or acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

161. A method for preventing or treating a lymphoproliferative disease in a human or animal in need of the prevention or treatment, comprising administering a lymphoproliferative disease preventing or treating effective amount of β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight or acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

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163. A composition comprising 11-keto- β -boswellic acid in an amount of at least 5% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid in an amount of at least 5% by weight.
- 5 164. A composition comprising 11-keto- β -boswellic acid in an amount of at least 30% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid in an amount of at least 30% by weight.
165. A composition comprising 11-keto- β -boswellic acid in an amount of 100% by weight which is the equivalent of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid in an amount of at least 95% by weight
10 and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid in an amount of at least 5% by weight.
166. A composition suitable for treating inflammatory, lymphoproliferative and autoimmune conditions comprising 11-keto- β -boswellic acid.
- 15 167. A composition suitable for treating inflammatory, lymphoproliferative and autoimmune conditions comprising acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.
168. A composition suitable for treating inflammatory, lymphoproliferative and autoimmune conditions comprising β -boswellic acid.
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169. A composition suitable for treating inflammatory, lymphoproliferative and autoimmune conditions comprising acetyl- β -boswellic acid.
170. A method for inhibition of DNA, RNA and/or protein synthesis in a human or animal
25 in need of the inhibition, comprising administering a DNA, RNA and/or protein synthesis inhibition effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.
171. A method for irreversible inhibition of DNA synthesis in a human or animal in need
30 of the inhibition, comprising administering a DNA inhibition effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

172. A method for the prevention of a lymphoproliferative disease in a human or animal in need of the prevention, comprising administering a lymphoproliferative disease prevention effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

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173. A method for the treatment of a lymphoproliferative disease in a human or animal in need of the treatment, comprising administering a lymphoproliferative disease treatment effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

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174. A method for the prevention of an autoimmune disease in a human or animal in need of the prevention, comprising administering an autoimmune disease prevention effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

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175. A method for the treatment of an autoimmune disease in a human or animal in need of the treatment, comprising administering an autoimmune disease treatment effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

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176. A method for the treatment of a tumor in a human or animal in need of the treatment, comprising administering a tumor treating effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

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COMPOSITIONS OF BOSWELLIC ACIDS DERIVED FROM BOSWELLIA SERRATA GUM RESIN, FOR TREATING LYMPHOPROLIFERATIVE AND AUTOIMMUNE CONDITIONS

Background of the Invention

The present invention concerns new compositions of boswellic acids, methods of using the compositions or individual boswellic acids to treat lymphoproliferative and autoimmune conditions, and two new methods of isolating the new compositions.

Boswellia serrata (N.O. Burseraceae) is a large, branching, deciduous tree which grows abundantly in the dry, hilly parts of India. It is known as "Dhup", Indian Frankincense or Indian Olibanum. The gum resin exudate of *Boswellia serrata*, known in the vernacular as "Salai guggal", has been used in the Ayurvedic system of medicine for the management of rheumatism, respiratory diseases, and liver disorders. The major use of *Boswellia serrata* in contemporary medicine is as an anti-arthritis and anti-inflammatory pharmacological agent.

The active principles of the gum resin, boswellic acids, emerge as leading non-steroidal, anti-inflammatory compounds (drugs) NSAID with broad biological activities and low ulcerogenic index. Preclinical studies established that an alcoholic extract of the gum resin displayed marked anti-inflammatory activity in mice and rats, and also inhibited the formation of leukotrienes in rat peritoneal neutrophils *in vitro*. Boswellic acids decreased the formation of inflammatory leukotriene B₄ (B₄ is an outcome of the arachidonic acid metabolism) in rat peritoneal neutrophils in a dose-dependent way with IC₅₀ values ranging from 1.5 to 7 μM. The anti-inflammatory mechanism of action of boswellic acids inhibited the leukotriene synthesis via 5-lipoxygenase, but did not affect the 12-lipoxygenase and cyclooxygenase activity. Additionally, boswellic acids did not impair the peroxidation of arachidonic acid by iron and ascorbate. These results suggest that boswellic acids are specific, non-redox inhibitors of leukotriene synthesis either interacting with 5-lipoxygenase or blocking its translocation.

Safayhi, H. et al (1992) established and prior art by Ammon et al (EP 0 552 657) teaches that six boswellic acids are involved in the inhibition of 5-lipoxygenase, thus potentially blocking synthesis of inflammatory leukotrienes and thus useful in treatment of clinical conditions like inflammatory bowel diseases, arthritis, asthma, psoriasis and chronic form of hepatitis. These six compounds listed by Ammon in order of their

biological strength based on IC₅₀-values are as follows: 1. acetyl-11-keto-beta-boswellic acid. 2. Beta-boswellic acid. 3. 11-keto-beta-boswellic acid. 4. Alpha-boswellic acid. 5. Acetyl-beta-boswellic acid and 6. Acetyl-alpha-boswellic acid. Ammon et al (WO 97/07796) also teaches that boswellic acids can be also used as inhibitor of elevated leucocyte elastase or plasmin activity and useful in clinical conditions characterized by the elevated activity of the elastase and/or plasmin. The anti-inflammatory properties of the gum resin is attributed to the presence of "boswellic acids". Boswellic acids were found to inhibit two pro-inflammatory enzymes, 5-lipoxygenase (which generates inflammatory leukotrienes) and Human Leukocyte Elastase (HLE). HLE is a serine protease which initiates injury to the tissues, which in turn triggers the inflammation. Studies by Safayhi, H. et al (1997) showed that Acetyl-11-keto-β-boswellic acid decreased the activity of human leukocyte elastase (HLE) *in vitro* with an IC₅₀ value of about 15 μM.

Prior art by Lee Yue-Wei et al (U.S. Patent No. 5,064,823) also teaches that pentacyclic triterpenoid compounds such as alpha boswellic acid and its acetate, beta boswellic acid and its acetate have an inhibitory effect on topoisomerase I and topoisomerase II which according to authors may result in increased cancer cell differentiation. That process may be considered a cancer treatment modality.

An alcoholic extract of the gum resin was examined for anti-carcinogenic properties by Mukherji S. et al (1970). When tested on mice with Ehrlich ascites carcinoma and S-180 tumor, the extract inhibited tumor growth and increased the life span of experimental animals with carcinoma.

Summary of the Invention

Despite recognized potential of boswellic acids as NSAIDs and as a promising cancer fighting compounds, there are two major obstacles which stand in way of utilization boswellic acids in the health care: (a) poorly understood relationships between structure/composition of boswellic acids and their biological utility, and (b) lack of the boswellic acids product standardized on the basis of clearly defined structure function claim.

In the present invention, four purified boswellic acids, individually or in mixtures, were discovered to be effective in treating lymphoproliferative conditions

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previously reported. Our research has determined for the first time that (1) 11-keto group of boswellic acids is a principal moiety for the above described biological activity, and (2) 3-O-acetyl group amplifies that activity further resulting in a predictable cytostatic and immunomodulatory effects of boswellic acids.

It has been further determined that compound IV, which induced the most pronounced inhibitory effects on DNA, RNA and protein synthesis in HL-60 cells, had an irreversible inhibitory action on DNA synthesis. In this experiment HL-60 cells were preincubated with compound IV at 2 and 8 μ M for 30 min at 37°C, washed with phosphate buffer saline and [3H]-thymidine was added to the culture. At desired times, the reactions were terminated and the rates of DNA synthesis were determined. The results (Fig. 4) showed that the inhibitory effect on DNA synthesis was still dependent upon the concentrations of compound IV and identical to that without washing. This finding suggested that the inhibitory action of compound IV on DNA synthesis was irreversible.

The effect of compound IV on cellular growth of HL-60 cells was tested. As shown in Fig. 8, compound IV depressed the growth of HL-60 cells in a dose-dependent manner. Addition of compound IV at 1, 4, or 16 μ M to HL-60 cells and incubation at 37°C for 4 days inhibited the cellular growth by 54.5, 71.8 or 98.6%. In order to test whether this growth was the result of cell cytotoxicity, the effects of this compound on cell viability were examined after 4 days incubation using the trypan blue exclusion method. The cells viability at concentrations of 0, 1, 4, 16 μ M were 97.0, 96.8, 96.5, or 96.7%, respectively.

This experiment showed that compound IV at the concentrations which significantly inhibited cell growth, did not affect cell viability. These results indicated that inhibition of the cell growth is due to the cytostatic rather than cytotoxic effects. The inhibition of cell proliferation can be explained by its interference with biosynthesis of DNA, RNA and protein all of which are required for cell proliferation. These results for the first time establish that composition of boswellic acid enriched with the compound IV can be used as cytostatic and immunomodulatory preparation, due to its profound and well defined effect on myeloid cell metabolism.

Within the scope of the present invention are methods of preventing or treating lymphoproliferative disorders or autoimmune diseases by administering a composition comprising a "total organic acids" extract obtained from *Boswellia serrata*, administering compound I, II, III or IV individually or administering a mixture comprising two, three or all four of compounds I, II, III and IV in humans or animals in need of such a prevention or treatment. Also within the scope of the present invention are methods of preventing or treating tumors or inflammatory disorders by administering the composition comprising the "total organic acids" extract obtained from *Boswellia serrata* or administering compound I, II, III or IV individually or administering a mixture comprising two, three or all four of compounds I, II, III and IV in humans or animals in need of such a prevention or treatment. The present invention also includes the composition comprising the "total organic acids" extract obtained from *Boswellia serrata*, a composition comprising two, three or four of compounds I-IV and two processes of obtaining boswellic acids or of obtaining the composition comprising the "total organic acids" extract obtained from *Boswellia serrata*.

The lymphoproliferative disorders that can be treated with the methods of using boswellic acids of the present invention include leukemia and lymphoma. Leukemia that can be treated by the methods of the present invention include myeloid leukemia, acute myelogenous leukemia, acute lymphocytic leukemia, acute non-lymphocytic leukemia, chronic lymphocytic leukemia, and hairy cell leukemia. The autoimmune diseases that can be treated with the methods of using boswellic acids of the present invention include, for example, psoriasis, sarcoidosis, systemic lupus erythematosus, Graves' disease, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, silent thyroiditis, Crohn's disease, Goodpasture syndrome, insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus, insulin-resistant diabetes mellitus, myasthenia gravis, Addison's disease, idiopathic hypoparathyroidism, idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, autoimmune hemolytic anemia, rheumatoid arthritis, and scleroderma. The methods of using boswellic acids of the present invention are also effective in treating tumors, including, for example, breast tumors, ovarian tumors, uterine tumor, lung tumors, liver tumors,

renal tumors, prostatic tumors, pancreatic tumors, tumors of the gastrointestinal tract, e.g. colorectal tumors, brain tumors, and head and neck tumors.

The following tables present data concerning the biological effects of an alcoholic extract of the exudate of *Boswellia serrata*. Table 1 below presents data on the effects of the alcoholic extract of the exudate of *Boswellia serrata* on the DNA synthesis, RNA synthesis and protein synthesis in HL-60 cells in culture.

Table 1

BSE added (μ m)	DNA synthesis		RNA syntheses		Protein synthesis	
	%	%	%	%	%	%
	Control	Inhibition	Control	Inhibition	Control	Inhibition
0	100	0	100	0	100	0
0.75	80	20	91	9	70	30
1.5	45	55	64	36	52	48
3.0	35	65	62	38	26	74
6.0	23	77	20	80	12	88
12.0	19	81	10	90	9	91
25.0	18	82	8	92	8	92

Various concentrations of the *Boswellia serrata* extract, as indicated above, were added to 1 mL of HL-60 cells suspended in RPMI medium. [3 H]thymidine (50 μ Ci/ μ mol: 3 mL), [3 H]uridine (55 μ Ci/ μ mol: 5 μ L), [3 H]leucine (200 μ Ci/ μ mol: 10 μ L), were added to the cell suspension and incubated at 37°C for 120 min.

Reactions were terminated by addition of 3 mL of cold PBS, and the rates of DNA, RNA, and protein synthesis were determined.

Table 2 below presents data on the effect of the alcoholic extract of the exudate of *Boswellia serrata* on the growth of HL-60 cells in culture. The alcoholic extract of the exudate of *Boswellia serrata* inhibited the growth of HL-60 cells in a concentration dependent fashion.

Table 2

Incubation time (hours)	Concentration of BSE (μ M)			
	0	4	12	50
0	25 ± 2.3	25 ± 2.3	25 ± 2.3	25 ± 2.3
24	45 ± 2.1	40 ± 4.2 (25%)	39 ± 3.7 (30%)	30 ± 4.0 (75%)
48	71 ± 1.5	66 ± 4.7 (11%)	57 ± 3.5 (30%)	27 ± 2.0 (97%)
72	102 ± 2.1	95 ± 2.9 (9%)	72 ± 7.8 (40%)	25 ± 1.2 (100%)
96	166 ± 16.6	159 ± 11 (5%)	102 ± 2.6 (45%)	31 ± 2.2 (96%)

Various concentrations of BSE, as indicated above, were added to the HL-60 cell cultures. These cultures were counted daily using a hemacytometer under a microscope with 10x magnification every 24 hours. Data are expressed as the mean \pm SE calculated from triplicate studies. Data in parentheses are the percent inhibition of cell growth.

Other than the inhibitory effects on the synthesis of RNA and protein in HL-60 cells grown in culture, the present invention demonstrated that boswellic acids have an inhibitory effect on DNA synthesis in HL-60 cells. Table 3 below shows that the alcoholic extract of the exudate of *Boswellia serrata* can inhibit DNA synthesis in HL-60 cells as demonstrated by an inhibition of the incorporation of ^3H -labeled thymidine into the DNA of HL-60 cells. Similar to the results in Table 2, Table 3 demonstrates that the inhibitory effect of the alcoholic extract of the exudate of *Boswellia serrata* on DNA synthesis in HL-60 cells exhibited a concentration dependent response.

Table 3

Incubation time (min)	Concentration of BSE (μ M)			
	0	4	12	50
	(cpm/ 5×10^5 cells)			
0	279 \pm 76	352 \pm 114	312 \pm 54	225 \pm 15
120	11112 \pm 1897	4039 \pm 737	2794 \pm 306	1893 \pm 505
		(69%)	(77%)	(86%)

[3 H]Thymidine (3 μ L; 50 μ Ci/ μ mol), vehicle or various concentrations of BSE in vehicle were added to 1 mL of HL-60 cells (5×10^5 cells/mL) in culture, and the cultures were incubated at 37°C for 120 min. Data are expressed as the mean \pm SE calculated from triplicate studies. Data in parentheses are the percent inhibition of [3 H]thymidine incorporation into the DNA of HL-60 cells.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Fig. 1 depicts the effects of compounds I-IV on the DNA synthesis in HL-60 cells.

Fig. 2 depicts the effects of compounds I-IV on the RNA synthesis in HL-60 cells.

Fig. 3 depicts the effects of compounds I-IV on the protein synthesis in HL-60 cells.

Fig. 4 shows the inhibitory effects of compound IV on the DNA synthesis in HL-60 cells.

Fig. 5, 6 and 7 show the β -boswellic acids contents in 6 commercial samples of *Boswellia serrata* extract.

Fig. 8 shows the inhibitory effect of compound IV on the growth of HL-60 cells.

Detailed Description of the Invention

Based on our experimental data on relationship between structure and function of the four boswellic acids of invention, a novel manufacturing and standardization process for boswellic acids have been developed. The new

standardization process resulted in changes in the nomenclature of the boswellic acids preparation. The new nomenclature included the following changes.

The phrase "total organic acids" from *Boswellia serrata* refers to an organic acid fraction of an extract of *Boswellia serrata* or *Boswellia serrata* gum. The "total organic acids" from *Boswellia serrata* constitute approximately 65-70%, by weight, of the total alcoholic extract of *Boswellia serrata*. In the methods of treatment of the present invention, the daily effective dose, for a 70 kg subject to be treated, is 1-5000 mg "total organic acids" from *Boswellia serrata*, 2 to 4 times a day. The preferred daily effective dose is 10-500 mg "total organic acids", 2 to 4 times a day. The more preferred daily effective dose is 100-400 mg "total organic acids", 2 to 4 times a day. The most preferred daily effective dose is 200 mg "total organic acids", 3 times a day. For humans or animals of a body weight other than 70 kg, the above doses can be adjusted accordingly based on the body weight or the body surface area based on methods known in the art.

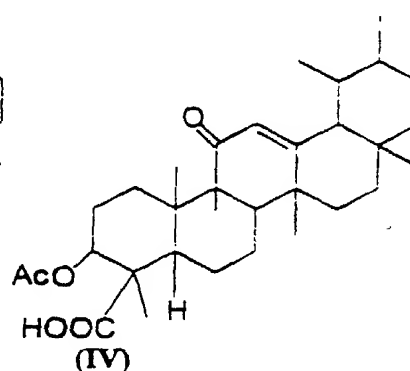
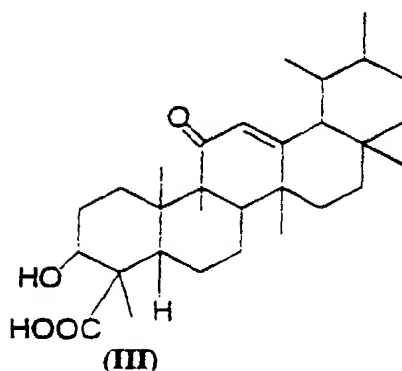
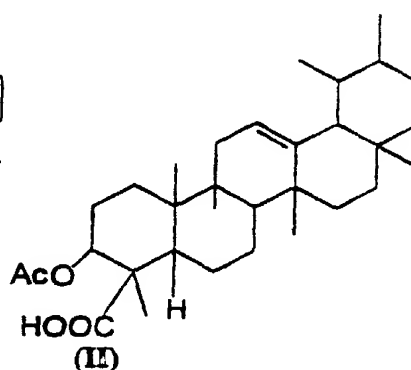
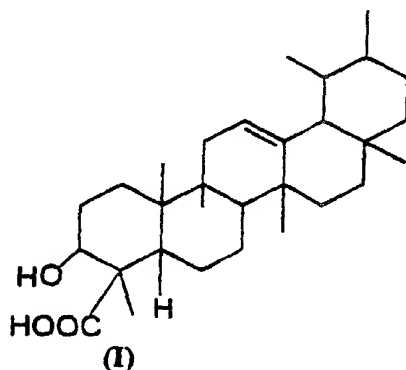
The term "pure boswellic acids" indicates the four major boswellic acids in each dosage form. The "pure boswellic acids" can contain two, three or all four of the four major boswellic acids, i.e. β -boswellic acid (I), acetyl- β -boswellic acid (II), 11-keto- β -boswellic acid (III), and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid (IV). The "pure boswellic acids" constitute approximately 25% of the "total organic acids". In the methods of treatment of the present invention, the daily effective dose, for a 70 kg subject to be treated, is 0.25-1250 mg "pure boswellic acids", 2 to 4 times a day. The preferred daily effective dose is 2.5-125 mg "pure boswellic acids", 2 to 4 times a day. The more preferred daily effective dose is 25-100 mg "pure boswellic acids", 2 to 4 times a day. The most preferred daily effective dose is 50 mg "pure boswellic acids", 3 times a day. For humans or animals of a body weight other than 70 kg, the above doses can be adjusted accordingly based on the body weight or the body surface area based on methods known in the art.

The total organic acids extract from *Boswellia serrata* can be administered by topical, inhalational, parenteral or oral routes, or by nasal spray or suppositories. Similarly, pure boswellic acids, individual boswellic acids, or mixtures thereof, can

be administered by topical, inhalational, parenteral or oral routes, or by nasal spray or suppositories.

Although there are other components in the *Boswellia serrata* gum (e.g. alpha and gamma-Boswellic acids), the four major pentacyclic triterpenic (boswellic) acids present in the acidic extract of *Boswellia serrata* gum of the invention used for standardization are:

- β -Boswellic Acid (I)
- Acetyl- β -Boswellic Acid (II)
- 11-keto- β -Boswellic Acid (III)
- Acetyl-11-keto- β -Boswellic Acid (IV)



Commercial samples of *Boswellia serrata* extracts vary greatly in their contents of boswellic acids, which limits, as previously mentioned, a reliable use of boswellic acids in medical and veterinary applications. The analytical results for six commercial samples are indicated in Figure 5. Figure 6 and Figure 7, in terms of content of boswellic acids, their composition, and total organic acids content respectively. In many commercial samples, the most active β -Boswellic acids are available in negligible quantities only. The total organic acids content in these samples as determined by titration is indicated in Figure 7.

The above analytical results make it evident that (a) there is need for accurately standardized boswellic acid product by the HPLC method, and (b) that the active components in *Boswellia serrata* extract cannot be accurately predicted based on titrimetric method analysis. It is equally interesting to note that while the titrimetric method gives more than 50% by weight of organic acids, several of the commercially available products contain only negligible amounts of the two key boswellic acids, namely 11-keto- β - and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acids (Figure 6).

Method of extraction of boswellic acids

By applying a prior art extraction method on a typical sample of *Boswellia serrata*, a composition was obtained containing the four boswellic acids, compounds I-IV, at concentrations shown below:

Component	% by weight
I. β -Boswellic Acid	10.1
II. Acetyl- β -Boswellic Acid	6.8
III. 11-keto- β -Boswellic Acid	5.1
IV. Acetyl-11-keto- β -Boswellic Acid	3.8
Total	25.8

The "total organic acids" value of this preparation by titration method was: 70.9% by weight.

The present invention includes a first new process of extraction to obtain boswellic acids to ascertain a minimum yield of total boswellic acids by HPLC of minimum 38 weight%, with compound IV of not less than 4 weight%, compound III

3. Pass steam into the jacket and maintain the temperature at 68-70 deg. C in the core body of the reactor.
4. Drain the extract into a reactor and concentrate at 70 deg. C to strip off isopropyl alcohol completely.
5. Charge isopropyl alcohol to the soaking level 550 L and repeat the step 3 to 4
6. Repeat step 5
7. Charge 560 L of 5 weight% aqueous KOH. then stir at room temperature for 3 hours.
8. Wash with ethyl acetate 830 L.
9. Drain the ethyl acetate layer and collect aqueous layer.
10. Repeat step 8 and 9 two times with 550 L ethylacetate and collect the aqueous layer.
11. Charge the aqueous layer (from steps 9 and 10) into a reactor.
12. Add slowly 6 N HCl to pH 3-4 (~30L) while stirring at room temperature.
13. Forms a precipitate.
14. Add 1000L of water and let it stand at room temperature for 8 hours (or less depending on the observation).
15. Collect the precipitate (by draining into a nutsch and scooping), wash with water.
16. Check for Boswellin in aqueous portion. if absent discard.
17. Dry the precipitate not above 50 deg. C.
18. Yield expected ~ 100 kg (assay by HPLC 38-40%).

Assay by HPLC for Beta Boswellic acids

Mobile phase:

Mobile phase A: 1000 ml of Acetonitrile with 0.05ml (1 drop) of glacial acetic acid. filter and degas.

Mobile phase B: Mix water and acetonitrile in the ratio 150:850 with 0.05ml(1 drop) of glacial acetic acid filter and degas.

Use gradient program

Time	A concentration	B concentration
0 min	90%	10%

15 min	20%	80%
20 min	0%	100 %
25 min	50%	50%
30min	100%	0%
30min	stop	

Sample preparation:

Weigh accurately about 200 mg of the sample and transfer into a 50ml volumetric flask. Add 25 ml of methanol to dissolve the sample, and sonicate for 3 minutes, dilute to volume, mix.

Standard preparation:

1. Beta-boswellic acid: weigh accurately about 25 mg of the standard and transfer into a 10 ml volumetric flask. Add 5 ml of methanol to dissolve the sample, sonicate for 3 minutes, dilute to volume, mix.
2. Acetyl-beta-boswellic acid: weigh accurately about 500 mg of standard and transfer into a 10 ml volumetric flask. Add 5 ml of methanol to dissolve the sample, sonicate for 3 minutes, dilute to volume, mix.
3. 11-Keto-beta-boswellic acid; weigh accurately about 25 mg of the standard and transfer into a 25 ml volumetric flask. Add 15 ml of methanol to dissolve the sample, sonicate for 3 minutes, dilute to volume, mix.
4. Acetyl-11-keto-beta-boswellic acid: weigh accurately about 25 mg of the standard and transfer into a 25 ml volumetric flask. Add 15 ml of methanol to dissolve the sample, sonicate for 3 minutes, dilute to volume, mix.

Alternatively, weigh accurately about 25 mg of the standard (which contains known concentration of beta-boswellic acid) into 25 ml volumetric flask. Add 15 ml of methanol to dissolve the sample, sonicate for 3 minutes, dilute to volume, mix.

Chromatographic system:

The liquid chromatograph is equipped with 210nm and 256 nm UV detector and a 250 x 4.6 mm column that contains the packing C18 or ODS (Sigma/Aldrich column is used). The flow rate is 1.0 ml per min. The relative standard deviation for replicate injection of Standard preparation should not be more than 2%.

Procedure:

- (5) wash the alkaline liquid with an organic solvent, e.g. ethyl acetate;
- (6) remove the organic solvent to obtain an aqueous liquid; and thereafter
- (7) treat the aqueous liquid with an acid, e.g. hydrochloric acid, to form the "total organic acids" extract as a precipitate.

Preferably, the *Boswellia serrata* component used is *Boswellia serrata* gum. The component in step (2) is preferably treated with hot isopropyl alcohol at a temperature of about 50-80°C, about 60-75°C, about 68-72°C or about 70°C. The treatment with KOH in step (4) preferably is carried out at pH>9.5. Step (7) is preferably conducted by treating the aqueous liquid with hydrochloric acid at about pH 3 to 4 to obtain a precipitate, which optionally can be washed with water and dried at a temperature less than about 50°C.

From the "total organic acids" extract obtained by the new process of the present invention, individual pure oswellic acids, i.e. compounds I, II, III or IV, can be obtained by chromatographic methods known in the prior art. The pure compound I, II, III and IV can also be obtained by synthetic processes known in the art. The individual pure oswellic acid can be mixed in any ratio to obtain desired mixtures.

The present invention includes compositions comprising the "total organic acids" extract obtained by the new process of the invention, any one of pure compound I, II, III or IV, or mixtures of two, three or all of compounds I-IV, mixed with a physiologically acceptable carrier or excipient.

The compositions of the present invention can comprise compound I : compound II : compound III : compound IV in any proportions. Preferably, the compositions comprise compound I : compound II : compound III : compound IV of 10-20 : 5-25 : 1-15 : 1-20 (or 15-20 : 5-25 : 1-15 : 1-20). More preferably, the compositions comprise compound I : compound II : compound III : compound IV of 12-17 : 7-18 : 3-10 : 2-15. Much preferred compositions of the present invention comprise compound I : compound II : compound III : compound IV of 14-16 : 8-17 : 4-9 : 3-10. Most preferred compositions of the present invention comprise compound I : compound II : compound III : compound IV of 15 : 10-15 : 5-8 : 4-8.

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Another aspect of the present invention is a composition comprising three boswellic acids selected from the group consisting of β -boswellic acid, aceryl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid, wherein, based on the total weight of the composition, the amount of β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight, the amount of aceryl- β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight, and the amount of aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight. Preferably, in the composition, the amount of β -boswellic acid is 14 to 65% by weight, the amount of aceryl- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 65% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 60% by weight, and the amount of aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 60% by weight. Also preferably, in the composition, the amount of β -boswellic acid is 14 to 55% by weight, the amount of aceryl- β -boswellic acid is 10 to 55% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 50% by weight, and the amount of aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 50% by weight. Also preferably, in the composition, the amount of β -boswellic acid is 14 to 35% by weight, the amount of aceryl- β -boswellic acid is 10 to 35% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 40% by weight, and the amount of aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 40% by weight. Also preferably, in the composition, the β -boswellic acid, aceryl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid are derived from any natural source. Also preferably, in the composition, two of the three boswellic acids are 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

Another aspect of the present invention is a composition comprising two boswellic acids selected from the group consisting of β -boswellic acid, aceryl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid, wherein, based on the total weight of the composition, the amount of β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight, the amount of aceryl- β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight, and the amount of aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight. Preferably, in the composition, the amount of β -boswellic acid is 5 to 95% by weight, the amount of aceryl- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 95% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 95% by weight, and the amount of aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 95% by weight.

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Another aspect of the present invention is a composition comprising boswellic acids, wherein the boswellic acids consist of two substances selected from the group consisting of β -boswellic acid, acetyl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid, wherein, based on the total weight of the boswellic acids, the amount of β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight, and the amount of acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight. Preferably, in the composition, the amount of β -boswellic acid is 10 to 90% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is 10 to 90% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 10 to 90% by weight, and the amount of acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 10 to 90% by weight. Also preferably, in the composition, the amount of β -boswellic acid is 20 to 80% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is 20 to 80% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 20 to 80% by weight, and the amount of acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 20 to 80% by weight. Also preferably, in the composition, the amount of β -boswellic acid is 30 to 70% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is 30 to 70% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 30 to 70% by weight, and the amount of acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 30 to 70% by weight. Also preferably, in the composition, the amount of β -boswellic acid is 40 to 60% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is 40 to 60% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 40 to 60% by weight, and the amount of acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 40 to 60% by weight. Also preferably, in the composition, the two substances are 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

Another embodiment of the present invention is a method for inhibition of DNA, RNA and/or protein synthesis in a human or animal in need of the inhibition, wherein the method comprises a step of administering a DNA, RNA and/or protein synthesis inhibition effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid, acetyl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid. Preferably, the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 12% by weight, acetyl- β -

boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 1% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 1% by weight. More preferably, the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of 12 to 35% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 35% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 45% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 45% by weight.

Another embodiment of the present invention is a method for irreversible inhibition of DNA synthesis in a human or animal in need of the inhibition, comprising a step of administering an irreversible DNA inhibition effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid, acetyl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid. Preferably, for used in the method, the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 12% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 1% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 1% by weight. For used in the method, the composition more preferably comprises β -boswellic acid of 12 to 35% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 35% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 45% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 45% by weight.

Within the scope of the present invention is a method for the prevention or treatment of a lymphoproliferative disease in a human or animal in need of the prevention or treatment, wherein the method comprises a step of administering a lymphoproliferative disease prevention or treatment effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid, acetyl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid. Preferably, for used in the method, the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 12% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 1% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 1% by weight. More preferably, for used in the method, the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of 12 to 35% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 35% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 45% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 45% by weight.

amount of β -boswellic acid, aceryl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid or aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

Also within the scope of the present invention are methods of using the compositions or boswellic acid(s), individually or mixtures thereof, of the present invention to make a medication for inhibiting the synthesis of DNA, RNA and/or protein, for irreversibly inhibiting the synthesis of DNA, for preventing or treating a lymphoproliferative or autoimmune disease.

Also preferably, in the compositions of the present invention, the β -boswellic acid, aceryl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid are derived from any natural source.

Within the scope of the present invention is a second new extraction process to obtain boswellic acids from *Boswellia serrata*. The second new extraction process of obtaining boswellic acids comprises the following steps:

- (a) providing a *Boswellia serrata* component;
- (b) extracting said *Boswellia serrata* component with carbon dioxide to obtain a fluid extract; and
- (c) removing carbon dioxide from the fluid extract to obtain the boswellic acids.

In the second new extraction process, the *Boswellia serrata* component preferably is a gum or degummed resin from *Boswellia serrata*. The extracting step in the second new extraction process can be performed with subcritical extraction or supercritical extraction using liquid carbon dioxide. After the removal of carbon dioxide from the fluid extract, the so obtained boswellic acids can be, if necessary, subjected to further separation or purification, such as chromatography or selective precipitation in appropriate organic solvents.

Carbon dioxide may be used as an extracting solvent in either of two forms - subcritical and supercritical. Carbon dioxide has a critical temperature of 31.2°C and a critical pressure of 73.8 bars (1070 psi). The subcritical extraction is performed in the liquid state at a pressure in the range of 300 to 700 psi (20 to 48 bars) and a temperature or temperatures ranging from 0° to 31°C. The supercritical

extraction is performed in the fluid gas state at a temperature or temperatures above the critical temperature (31.2°C or 89°F) and a pressure in the range of 2000 to 4000 psi (138 to 275 bars). The second new extraction process using supercritical extraction gives a higher yield in a shorter time.

For subcritical extractions, high pressure batch or continuous extraction systems may be used. For supercritical extractions, suitable equipment includes packed or plate columns, towers featuring perforated plates or baffle structures, mixer-settler type equipment equipped with internal mixing elements, and extraction devices utilizing centrifugal force can be used.

As a working example of the second new extraction process, a batch extraction device was used, wherein the material was extracted with liquid carbon dioxide. Drums containing 80 kg of degummed resin from *Boswellia serrata* were charged into a suitable extraction chamber and contacted with liquid carbon dioxide for 2 hours. Each 80 kg charge yielded at least 18 kg of an enriched pasty material containing boswellic acids and other organic acids.

Also within the scope of the present invention is an extract obtained from *Boswellia serrata* obtained with one of the new extraction processes of the present invention. For instance, a total organic acids extract from *Boswellia serrata* can be obtained with the first or second new extraction process of the present invention.

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8. The composition of claim 1, wherein the β -boswellic acid, aceryl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid are derived from any natural source.

9. A composition comprising three boswellic acids selected from the group consisting of β -boswellic acid, aceryl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid, wherein, based on the total weight of the composition, the amount of β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight, the amount of aceryl- β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight, and the amount of aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight.

10. The composition of claim 9, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 14 to 65% by weight, the amount of aceryl- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 65% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 60% by weight, and the amount of aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 60% by weight.

11. The composition of claim 10, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 14 to 55% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is 10 to 55% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 50% by weight, and the amount of aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 50% by weight.

12. The composition of claim 11, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 14 to 35% by weight, the amount of aceryl- β -boswellic acid is 10 to 35% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 40% by weight, and the amount of aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 40% by weight.

13. The composition of claim 9, wherein the β -boswellic acid, aceryl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid are derived from any natural source.

14. A composition comprising two boswellic acids selected from the group consisting of β -boswellic acid, aceryl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid, wherein, based on the total weight of the composition, the amount of β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight, the amount of aceryl- β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic

acid is at least 5% by weight, and the amount of aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight.

15. The composition of claim 14, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 5 to 95% by weight, the amount of aceryl- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 95% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 95% by weight, and the amount of aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 95% by weight.

16. The composition of claim 15, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 30 to 70% by weight, the amount of aceryl- β -boswellic acid is 30 to 70% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 30 to 70% by weight, and the amount of aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 30 to 70% by weight.

17. The composition of claim 16, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 40 to 60% by weight, the amount of aceryl- β -boswellic acid is 40 to 60% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 40 to 60% by weight, and the amount of aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 40 to 60% by weight.

18. The composition of claim 14, wherein the β -boswellic acid, acetyl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid are derived from any natural source.

19. A composition comprising boswellic acids, wherein the boswellic acids consist of three substances selected from the group consisting of β -boswellic acid, aceryl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid, wherein, based on the total weight of the composition, the amount of β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight, the amount of aceryl- β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight, and the amount of aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is at least 5% by weight.

20. The composition of claim 19, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 5 to 65% by weight, the amount of aceryl- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 65% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 65% by weight, and the amount of aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 5 to 65% by weight.

21. The composition of claim 20, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 15 to 55% by weight, the amount of aceryl- β -boswellic acid is 15 to 55% by

43. The composition of claim 26, wherein the two substances are 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

44. The composition of claim 27, wherein the two substances are 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

5 45. A method for inhibition of DNA, RNA and/or protein synthesis in a human or animal in need of the inhibition, comprising a step of administering a DNA, RNA and/or protein synthesis inhibition effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid, acetyl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

10 46. The method of claim 45, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 12% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 1% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 1% by weight.

15 47. The method of claim 46, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of 12 to 35% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 35% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 45% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 45% by weight.

20 48. A method for irreversible inhibition of DNA synthesis in a human or animal in need of the inhibition, comprising a step of administering a DNA inhibition effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid, acetyl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

25 49. The method of claim 48, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 12% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 1% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 1% by weight.

30 50. The method of claim 49, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of 12 to 35% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 35% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 45% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 45% by weight.

51. A method for the prevention of a lymphoproliferative disease in a human or animal in need of the prevention, comprising a step of administering a lymphoproliferative disease prevention effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid, acetyl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

52. The method of claim 51, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 12% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 1% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 1% by weight.

53. The method of claim 52, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of 12 to 35% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 35% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 45% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 45% by weight.

54. The method of claim 51, wherein the lymphoproliferative disease is leukemia or lymphoma.

55. A method for the treatment of a lymphoproliferative disease in a human or animal in need of the treatment, comprising a step of administering a lymphoproliferative disease treatment effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid, acetyl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

56. The method of claim 55, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 12% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 1% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 1% by weight.

57. The method of claim 56, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of 12 to 35% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 35% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 45% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 45% by weight.

58. The method of claim 55, wherein the lymphoproliferative disease is leukemia or lymphoma.

59. A method for the prevention of an autoimmune disease in a human or animal in need of the prevention, comprising a step of administering an autoimmune disease prevention effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid, acetyl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

60. The method of claim 59, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 12% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 1% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 1% by weight.

61. The method of claim 60, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of 12 to 35% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 35% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 45% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 45% by weight.

62. The method of claim 59, wherein the autoimmune disease is psoriasis, sarcoidosis, systemic lupus erythematosus, Grave's disease, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, silent thyroiditis, Crohn's disease, Goodpasture syndrome, insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus, insulin-resistant diabetes mellitus, myasthenia gravis, Addison's disease, idiopathic hypoparathyroidism, idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, autoimmune hemolytic anemia, rheumatoid arthritis or scleroderma.

63. A method for the treatment of an autoimmune disease in a human or animal in need of the treatment, comprising a step of administering an autoimmune disease treatment effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid, acetyl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

64. The method of claim 63, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 12% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 1% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 1% by weight.

65. The method of claim 64, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of 12 to 35% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 35% by

weight. 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 45% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 45% by weight.

66. The method of claim 63, wherein the autoimmune disease is psoriasis, sarcoidosis, systemic lupus erythematosus, Grave's disease, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, silent thyroiditis, Crohn's disease, Goodpasture syndrome, insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus, insulin-resistant diabetes mellitus, myasthenia gravis, Addison's disease, idiopathic hypoparathyroidism, idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, autoimmune hemolytic anemia, rheumatoid arthritis or scleroderma.

67. A process of obtaining a total organic acids extract from *Boswellia serrata*, wherein the total organic acids extract comprises boswellic acids, said process comprising the following steps:

- (1) providing a *Boswellia serrata* component;
- (2) extracting the component with a C₁-C₆ alcohol to obtain an alcohol extract;
- (3) removing the C₁-C₆ alcohol from the alcohol extract to obtain a liquid;
- (4) treating the liquid with an alkaline substance to obtain an alkaline liquid;
- (5) washing the alkaline liquid with an organic solvent;
- (6) removing the organic solvent to obtain an aqueous liquid; and thereafter
- (7) treating the aqueous liquid with an acid to obtain the total organic acids extract as a precipitate.

68. The process of claim 67, wherein the *Boswellia serrata* component is the gum from *Boswellia serrata*.

69. The process of claim 67, wherein the C₁-C₆ alcohol in step (2) is isopropyl alcohol.

70. The process of claim 67, wherein said alkaline substance is KOH and said liquid in step (4) is treated with KOH at pH>9.5.

71. The process of claim 67, wherein said aqueous liquid in step (7) is treated with hydrochloric acid at about pH 3 to 4 to obtain the precipitate.

72. The process of claim 67, wherein the precipitate is washed with water and dried at a temperature less than about 50°C.

5 73. The process of claim 67, wherein the organic solvent is ethyl acetate.

74. A total organic acids extract from *Boswellia serrata* obtained by the process of claim 67.

75. A process of obtaining boswellic acids comprising the following steps:

10 (a) providing a *Boswellia serrata* component;

(b) extracting said *Boswellia serrata* component with carbon dioxide to obtain a fluid extract; and

(c) removing carbon dioxide from the fluid extract to obtain the boswellic acids.

15 76. The process of claim 75, wherein the *Boswellia serrata* component is a gum from *Boswellia serrata*.

77. The process of claim 75, wherein the extracting in step (b) is performed with subcritical extraction.

20 78. The process of claim 75, wherein the extracting in step (b) is performed with supercritical extraction.

79. A method for the treatment of a tumor in a human or animal in need of the treatment by administering a tumor treating effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid, aceryl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

25 80. The method of claim 79, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 12% by weight, aceryl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 1% by weight and aceryl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 1% by weight.

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97. The composition of claim 96, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 14 to 35% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is 10 to 35% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 15 to 40% by weight, and the amount of acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 14 to 40% by weight.

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98. The composition of claim 94, wherein the β -boswellic acid, acetyl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid are derived from any natural source.

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99. A composition comprising two boswellic acids selected from the group consisting of β -boswellic acid, acetyl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid, wherein, based on the total weight of the composition, the amount of β -boswellic acid is 1 to 34% or at least 56% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is 1 to 24% or at least 46% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is at least 15% by weight, and the amount of acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is at least 14% by weight.

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100. The composition of claim 99, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 1 to 34% or 56 to 95% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is 1 to 24% or 46 to 95% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 15 to 95% by weight, and the amount of acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 14 to 95% by weight.

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101. The composition of claim 100, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 1 to 34% or 56 to 70% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is 1 to 24% or 46 to 70% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 30 to 70% by weight, and the amount of acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 30 to 70% by weight.

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102. The composition of claim 101, wherein the amount of β -boswellic acid is 1 to 34% or 40 to 60% by weight, the amount of acetyl- β -boswellic acid is 1 to 24% or 40 to 60% by weight, the amount of 11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 40 to 60% by weight, and the amount of acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid is 40 to 60% by weight.

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124. The composition of claim 106, wherein two of the three substances are 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

125. The composition of claim 107, wherein two of the three substances are 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

126. The composition of claim 109, wherein the two substances are 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

127. The composition of claim 110, wherein the two substances are 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

128. The composition of claim 111, wherein the two substances are 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

129. The composition of claim 112, wherein the two substances are 11-keto- β -boswellic acid and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid.

130. A method for inhibition of DNA, RNA and/or protein synthesis in a human or animal in need of the inhibition, comprising a step of administering a DNA, RNA and/or protein synthesis inhibition effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

131. The method of claim 130, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 12% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

132. The method of claim 131, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of 12 to 35% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 35% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 15 to 45% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 14 to 45% by weight.

5 133. A method for irreversible inhibition of DNA synthesis in a human or animal in need of the inhibition, comprising a step of administering a DNA inhibition effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

10 134. The method of claim 133, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 12% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

15 135. The method of claim 134, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of 12 to 35% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 35% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 15 to 45% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 14 to 45% by weight.

20 136. A method for the prevention of a lymphoproliferative disease in a human or animal in need of the prevention, comprising a step of administering a lymphoproliferative disease prevention effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

25 137. The method of claim 136, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 12% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

138. The method of claim 137, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of 12 to 35% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 35% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 15 to 45% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 14 to 45% by weight.

5 139. The method of claim 136, wherein the lymphoproliferative disease is leukemia or lymphoma.

140. A method for the treatment of a lymphoproliferative disease in a human or animal in need of the treatment, comprising a step of administering a lymphoproliferative disease
10 treatment effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

15 141. The method of claim 140, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 12% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

20 142. The method of claim 141, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of 12 to 35% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 35% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 15 to 45% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 14 to 45% by weight.

143. The method of claim 140, wherein the lymphoproliferative disease is leukemia or lymphoma.

25 144. A method for the prevention of an autoimmune disease in a human or animal in need of the prevention, comprising a step of administering an autoimmune disease prevention effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by

weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

145. The method of claim 144, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 12% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

146. The method of claim 145, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of 12 to 35% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 35% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 15 to 45% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 14 to 45% by weight.

147. The method of claim 144, wherein the autoimmune disease is psoriasis, sarcoidosis, systemic lupus erythematosus, Grave's disease, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, silent thyroiditis, Crohn's disease, Goodpasture syndrome, insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus, insulin-resistant diabetes mellitus, myasthenia gravis, Addison's disease, idiopathic hypoparathyroidism, idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, autoimmune hemolytic anemia, rheumatoid arthritis or scleroderma.

148. A method for the treatment of an autoimmune disease in a human or animal in need of the treatment, comprising a step of administering an autoimmune disease treatment effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

149. The method of claim 148, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 12% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

150. The method of claim 149, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of 12 to 35% by weight, acetyl- β -boswellic acid of 5 to 35% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 15 to 45% by weight and acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of 14 to 45% by weight.

5 151. The method of claim 148, wherein the autoimmune disease is psoriasis, sarcoidosis, systemic lupus erythematosus, Grave's disease, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, silent thyroiditis, Crohn's disease, Goodpasture syndrome, insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus, insulin-resistant diabetes mellitus, myasthenia gravis, Addison's disease, idiopathic hypoparathyroidism, idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, autoimmune hemolytic anemia, rheumatoid arthritis or
10 scleroderma.

152. A process of obtaining boswellic acids comprising the following steps:

(a) providing a *Boswellia serrata* component;

(b) extracting said *Boswellia serrata* component with carbon dioxide to obtain a fluid
15 extract; and

(c) removing carbon dioxide from the fluid extract to obtain the boswellic acids.

153. The process of claim 152, wherein the *Boswellia serrata* component is a gum from
20 *Boswellia serrata*.

154. The process of claim 152, wherein the extracting in step (b) is performed with subcritical extraction.

155. The process of claim 152, wherein the extracting in step (b) is performed with
25 supercritical extraction.

156. A method for the treatment of a tumor in a human or animal in need of the treatment by administering a tumor treating effective amount of a composition to said human or animal, wherein the composition comprises β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, acetyl- β -

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162. A method for preventing or treating an autoimmune disease in a human or animal in
 need of the prevention or treatment, comprising administering an autoimmune disease
 preventing or treating effective amount of β -boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, acetyl- β -
 boswellic acid of at least 5% by weight, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 15% by weight
 5 or acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid of at least 14% by weight.

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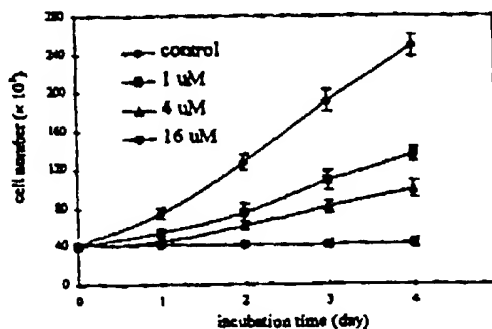
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(54) Title: COMPOSITIONS OF BOSWELIC ACIDS DERIVED FROM BOSWELLIA SERRATA GUM RESIN, FOR TREATING LYMPHOPROLIFERATIVE AND AUTOIMMUNE CONDITIONS

(57) Abstract

Method of treatment of lymphoproliferative and autoimmune disorders with a new composition of four boswellic acids including β -boswellic acid, 3-O-acetyl- β -boswellic acid, 11-keto- β -boswellic acid, and 3-O-acetyl-11-keto- β -boswellic acid. Boswellic acids of invention have been obtained in a novel industrial process from the gum resin of *Boswellia serrata* tree, providing standardized composition which inhibits DNA, RNA and protein synthesis of the target cell without cytotoxic effects. Composition of invention provides advantage of irreversible cytostatic therapy, equivalent to biological effects of a cytotoxic therapy without killing body cells.



Inhibitory effect of compound 4 on the growth of HL-60 cells. Results represent the average values for three experiments each performed in triplicate. Significantly different from control, $P < 0.05$.

Figure 1

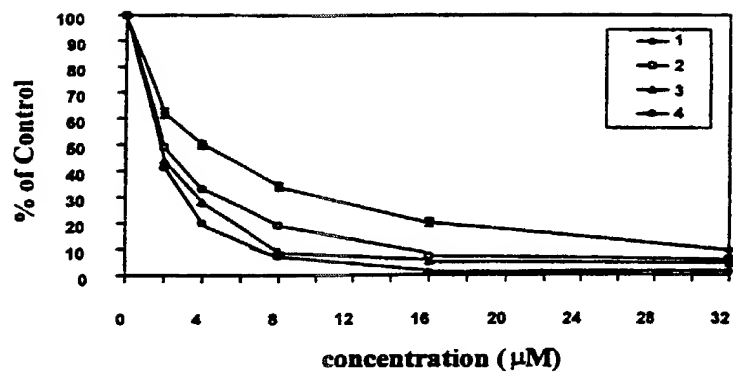
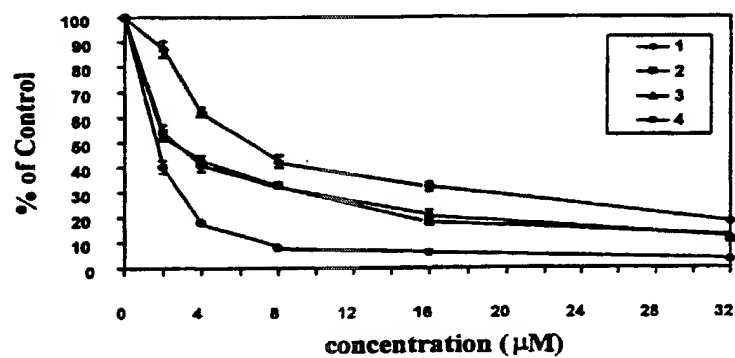


Figure 2



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Figure 3

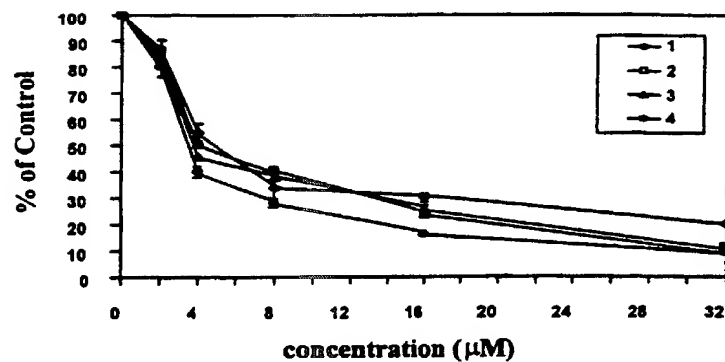


Figure 4

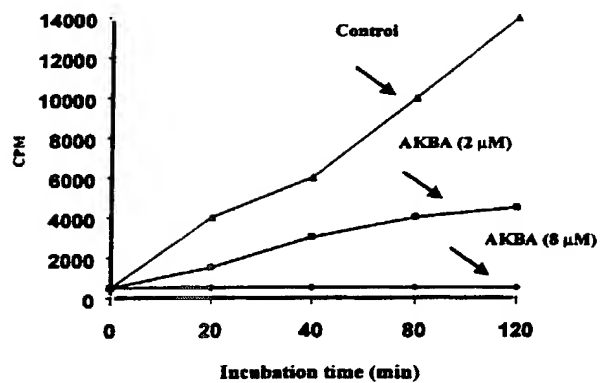
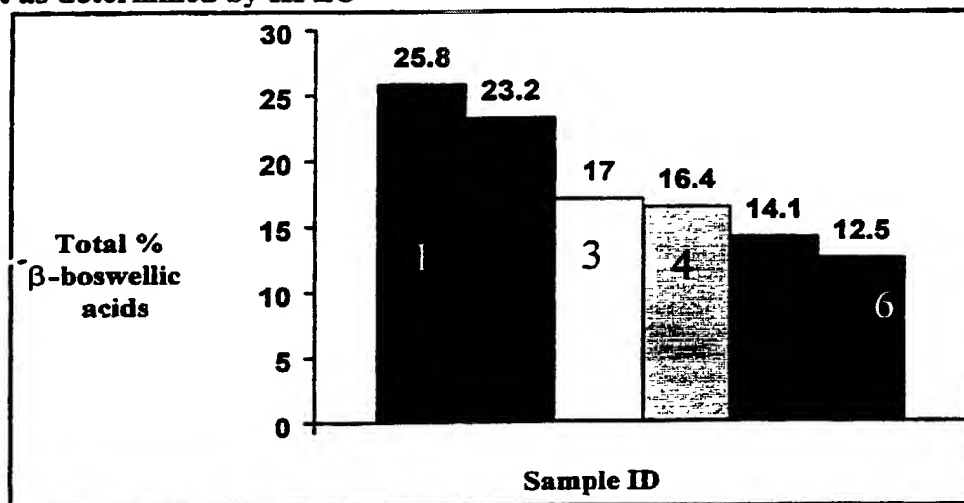


Figure 5 : β -Boswellic acids Content in Commercial Samples of *Boswellia serrata* extract as determined by HPLC



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Figure 6 : β -Boswellic acids Composition in Commercial Samples of *Boswellia serrata* extract as determined by HPLC

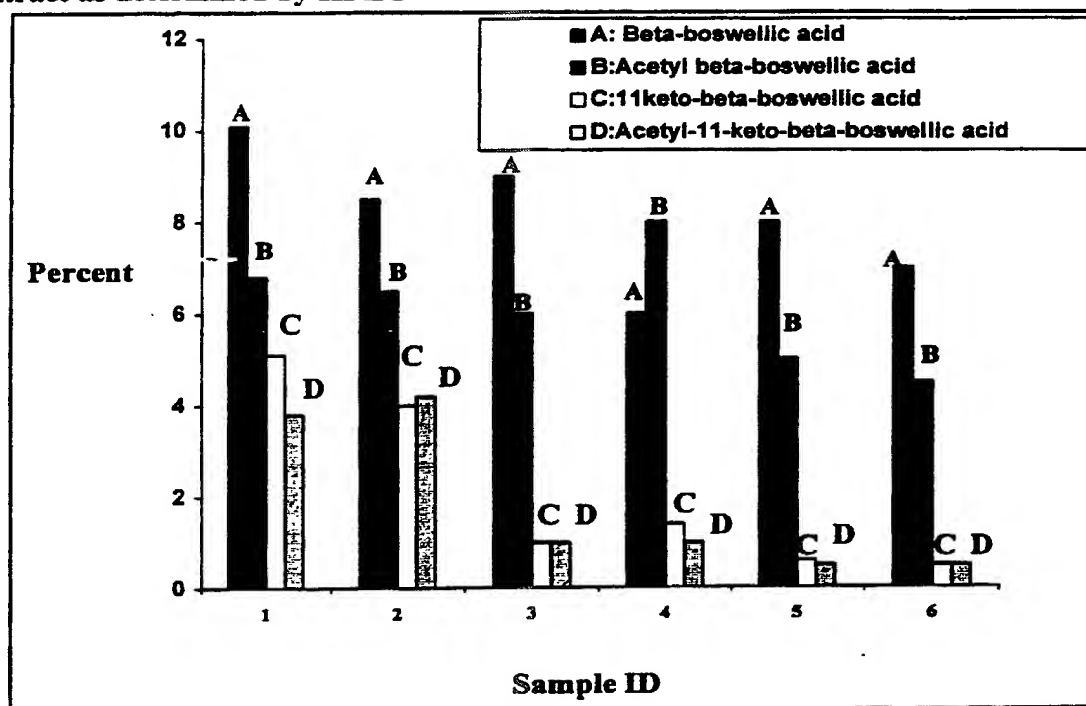
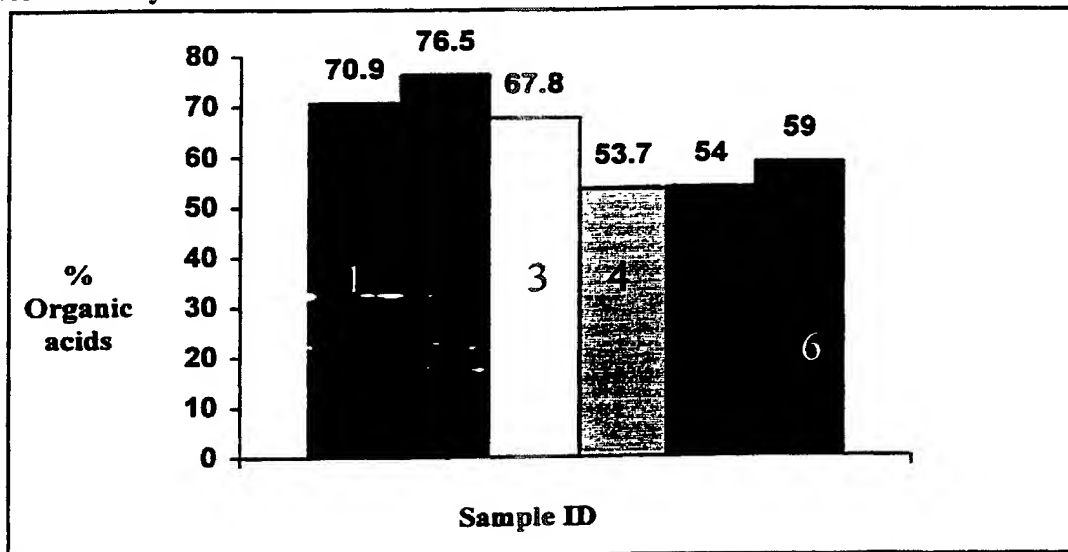


Figure 7: Total Organic Acids in Commercial Samples of *Boswellia serrata* extract as determined by titration



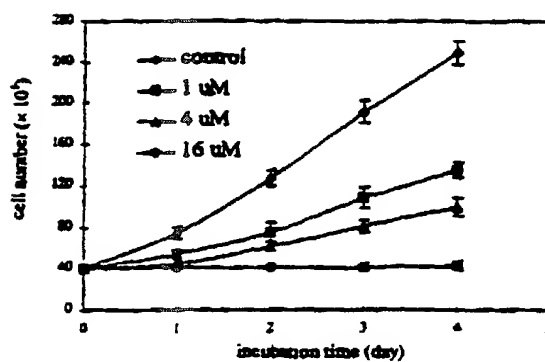


FIG. 8

Inhibitory effect of compound 4 on the growth of HL-60 cells. Results represent the average values for three experiments each performed in triplicate. Significantly different from control, $P < 0.05$.

Docket No. 108064-00049

ARENT FOX KINTNER PLOTKIN & KAHN, PLLC

Declaration For U.S. Patent Application

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

(Insert Title) COMPOSITIONS OF BOSWELLIC ACIDS DERIVED FROM BOSWELLIA SERRATA GUM RESIN, FOR TREATING LYMPHOPROLIFERATIVE AND AUTOIMMUNE CONDITIONS

the specification of which is attached hereto unless the following box is checked:

☒ was filed on April 28, 2000 As PCT International Application
 Number PCT/US00/08217 and was amended on _____
 and/or was filed on October 30, 2001 As U.S. Patent Application
 Number 09/926,424 and was amended on _____

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claim(s), as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 C.F.R. '1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. '119(a)-(d) or '365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or '365(a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate or PCT International Application having a filing date before that of the application(s) for which priority is claimed:

(List prior foreign applications)

(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

Priority Claimed

☒ Yes ☐ No☐ Yes ☐ No☐ Yes ☐ No

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. '119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

(Application Number)	(Filing Date)
_____	_____
_____	_____

☐ See attached list for additional prior foreign or provisional applications.

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. '120 of any United States application(s) or '365(c) of any PCT International application(s) designating the United States of America listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior application(s) (U.S. or PCT) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35, U.S.C. '112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 C.F.R. '1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of this application.

(List prior U.S. Applications or PCT International applications designating the U.S.)	(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status) (patented, pending, abandoned)
	<u>09/302,510</u>	<u>30 April 1999</u>	<u>Pending</u>
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And I hereby appoint the firm of Arent Fox, Customer Number 004372 including as principal attorneys: Robert B. Murray, Reg. No. 22,980; Charles M. Marmelstein, Reg. No. 25,895; George E. Oram, Jr., Reg. No. 27,931; Douglas H. Goldhush, Reg. No. 33,125; Richard J. Berman, Reg. No. 39,107; Murat Ozgu, Reg. No. 44,275; Robert K. Carpenter, Reg. No. 34,794; Gregory B. Kang, Reg. No. 45,273; Rustan Hill, Reg. No. 37,351; Kevin Turner, Reg. No. 43,437; Rhonda L. Barton, Reg. No. 47,271; Hans J. Crosby, Reg. No. 44,634; David D. Dzara, Reg. No. 47,543; Lynne D. Anderson, Reg. No. 46,412; Laurence J. Edson, Reg. No. 44,666; Dinnatia J. Doster, Reg. No. 45,268; Michael A. Steinberg, Reg. No. 43,160 and Lynn A. Bristol, Reg. No. 48,898.

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